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DATE MAILED: 06/17/2003

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO	CONFIRMATION NO	
08 973,381	03 25 1998	NORMAND HEBERT	ISIS-2297	6836	
32650	590 06 17 2003				
WOODCOCK WASHBURN LLP			EXAMINER		
ONE LIBERTY PLACE - 46TH FLOOR PHILADELPHIA, PA 19103		OR	MARSCHEL	., ARDIN H	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1631		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application	No.
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Applicant(s)

08/973,381

Hebert

Office Action Summary Examiner

Ardin Marschel

Art Unit **1631**



	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears	on th	e cover sh	eet with	the correspondence address
	for Reply	· TO !	EVDIDE	2	MONTH(S) EROM
	HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	10 .	:XPINE	<u> </u>	MONTH(5) FROM
- Exten	sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 $\mathrm{a^{\circ}}.$	In no e	vent, howeve	ır, may a re	iply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the
- If the	ng date of this communication i period for reply specified above is less than thirty 30 days, a reply within				
- Failure	period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apple to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, caus	se the a	pplication to b	pecome ABA	ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
	reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1 704.b.	of this	communicatio	n, even if t	imely filed, may reduce any
Status					
1).X	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>Feb 5, 20</u>	<u> 103</u>			
2a) 🗶	This action is FINAL . 2b). This act	tion is	s non-final		
3) ,	Since this application is in condition for allowance closed in accordance with the practice under Ex pa				
Disposi	sition of Claims				
4) X	Claim(s) 31-56				is/are pending in the application.
(€2 21 to 2000 Caim(s) 1-30 have been canceled.				HER WILD TRANSPORT COURSE PERSON
	Claim(s)				
	Claim(s) 31-56				
	Claim(s)				
	Claims				
	ation Papers				
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.				
10) _	The drawing(s) filed on is/ar	re a)	accept	ted or b	objected to by the Examiner.
,.	Applicant may not request that any objection to the d				
11)					
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply				
12)					
•	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
•	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign p	riority	v under 3f	5 U.S.C.	. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a)	All b) Some* c) None of:				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have	ve ber	en receive	ıd.	
	 Certified copies of the priority documents have 				olication No.
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority d				
	application from the International Bure See the attached detailed Office action for a list of th	au (P	CT Rule 1	7.2(a)).	· ·
14)	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	: prior	ity under	35 U.S.	C. § 119(e).
a)	The translation of the foreign language provisions	al app	lication ha	as been	received.
15) .	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	: prior	ity under	35 U.S.	C. §§ 120 and/or 121.
Attachm	nent(s)				
1. No	lotice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4:	Interview Su	mmary (PT)	O-413: Paper No's:
21 No	otice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948;	5	Notice of Inf	ormal Pater	nt Application (PTO-152)
3. In	oformation Disclosure Statement's PTO-1449 Paper No.s.	6	Other:		

Applicants' arguments, filed 2/5/03, have been considered but they are not deemed to be persuasive. Rejections and/or objections not reiterated from previous office actions are hereby withdrawn. The following rejections and/or objections are either reiterated or newly applied. They constitute the complete set presently being applied to the instant application.

VAGUENESS AND INDEFINITENESS

Claims 39-44 and 51-56 are rejected, as discussed below, under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

This rejection is reiterated and maintained from the previous office action, mailed 11/7/02.

Claim 51, line 1, directs the method to preparing a library which is reasonably interpreted as being a plurality of different entities therein which is in agreement with applicant's argument regarding the definition of what a combinatorial library is. The remainder of claim 51, after the word "comprising" in line 1 cites a series of steps which seem to be directed to the preparation of oligomeric compounds of aminodial subunits which are cleaved from the support in the last step therein.

Confusingly there are no limitations in these actual steps in claim 51 which are directed to what is normally thought of as a library preparation wherein the plurality of entities or polymers

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therein at least include "different" polymers rather than all of the polymers being the same. The performance of the actual preparatory steps of claim 51 lacks any synthesis of different polymers requirement, however, it is acknowledged that optionally different polymers "may" be prepared via the actual claim steps. That is, the usage of a solid support upon which the preparation/synthesis of a single, non-different type of polymer of aminodiol subunits followed by cleavage is a reasonable interpretation of being included as practicing said preparatory steps. Thus, what is normally a library which is a mixture or plurality of different polymers is not per se required in the preparatory steps of claim 51. Thus, the metes and bounds of claim 51 are different if controlled by the preamble versus the actual preparatory steps in the claim. The preamble requires "different" polymers in the prepared library whereas the actual claim steps are inclusive of such a "different" polymer library, but also the preparation of a single pure polymer type. Which part of claim 51 controls the metes and bounds of the claimed method? Clarification via clearer claim wording is requested. Claims 52-56 are included in this rejection because none of them require at least a different polymer or library preparatory step either. Additionally, the library claims 39-44 are rejected also as being unclear for the same issue that there are no claim limitations therein that require the claimed library to contain

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at least some different polymers. Applicant's arguments that the claims recite "six different" aminodiol monomer subunit

claims recite "six different" aminodiol monomer subunit structures does not preclude the selection of only one and the same monomer at each monomer preparatory step to form an oligomeric compound. Each list of said six different monomers contains the limitation "or" and nowhere in the claim is there any limitation that at least two or more "different" oligomeric compounds are made. In summary, the metes and bounds of the preamble (library of different compounds) and the actual claim steps (library of different compounds "or" a single pure oligomeric compound) preparation.

OBVIOUSNESS-TYPE DOUBLE PATENTING

The non-statutory double patenting rejection, whether of the obviousness-type or non-obviousness-type, is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent. In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); In re Van Ornum, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); and In re Goodman, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(b) and $^{\odot}$ may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a non-statutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.78(d).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 31-44 are rejected under the judicially created

Serial No. 08/973,381 - 5 -Art Unit: 1631 doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-12 of U.S. Patent No. 6,184,389. This rejection is reiterated and maintained from the previous office action, mailed 11/7/02. This rejection is maintained as not being argued. Claims 45-56 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-12 of U.S. Patent No. 6,184,389 in view of either of Letsinger et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,112,962) or Smith et al. (U.S. Patent 5,015,733). This rejection is reiterated and maintained from the previous office action, mailed 11/7/02. This rejection is maintained as not being argued. Claims 31-56 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-47 and 50-54 of U.S. Patent No. 6,448,373. This rejection is reiterated and maintained from the previous office action, mailed 11/7/02. Applicant argues that there has not been any suggestion or motivation for the preparation of compounds within the instantly rejected claims that would thus satisfy an obviousness-type basis for rejection. In response applicant is referred to the previous office action where specific compounds were pointed out as species of

- 6 -Art Unit: 1631 Serial No. 08/973,381 overlapping compounds between the instant claims as well as the claims of the cited Patent. It is also noted that for obviousness rejection bases that generic claims are deemed to motivate as well as suggest specifically cited species therein. Alternatively, claims 31-56 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-47 of U.S. Patent No. 6,448,373 in view of either of Letsinger et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,112,962) or Smith et al. (U.S. Patent 5,015,733). This rejection is reiterated and maintained from the previous office action, mailed 11/7/02. Applicant argues that there has not been any suggestion or motivation for the preparation of compounds within the instantly rejected claims that would thus satisfy an obviousness-type basis for rejection. In response applicant is referred to the previous office action where specific compounds were pointed out as species of overlapping compounds between the instant claims as well as the claims of the cited Patents. It is also noted that for obviousness rejection bases that generic claims are deemed to motivate as well as suggest specifically cited species therein. Claims 31-44 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-22 of U.S. Patent No. 5,886,177. This rejection is reiterated and maintained from the

previous office action, mailed 11/7/02. Applicant argues that there has not been any suggestion or motivation for the preparation of compounds within the instantly rejected claims that would thus satisfy an obviousness-type basis for rejection. In response applicant is referred to the previous office action where specific compounds were pointed out as species of overlapping compounds between the instant claims as well as the claims of the cited Patent. It is also noted that for obviousness rejection bases that generic claims are deemed to motivate as well as suggest specifically cited species therein.

Claims 45-56 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-22 of U.S. Patent No. 5,886,177 in view of either of Letsinger et al.(U.S. Patent No. 5,112,962) or Smith et al.(U.S. Patent 5,015,733).

This rejection is reiterated and maintained from the previous office action, mailed 11/7/02. Applicant argues that there has not been any suggestion or motivation for the preparation of compounds within the instantly rejected claims that would thus satisfy an obviousness-type basis for rejection. In response applicant is referred to the previous office action where specific compounds were pointed out as species of overlapping compounds between the instant claims as well as the claims of the cited Patents. It is also noted that for

- 8 -Art Unit: 1631 Serial No. 08/973,381 obviousness rejection bases that generic claims are deemed to motivate as well as suggest specifically cited species therein. OBVIOUSNESS PRIOR ART REJECTIONS The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action: A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made. Claims 31-38 and 45-56 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hebert (P/N 6,448,373), taken alone, or alternatively, taken in view of either of Smith et al. (P/N 5,015,733) or Letsinger et al. (P/N 5,112,962). This rejection is based on the different inventorship for Hebert (P/N 6,448,373) versus the instant application and applied for the same subject matter reasons as set forth above in the obviousness-type double patenting rejections. This rejection is reiterated and maintained from the previous office action, mailed 11/7/02. Applicant argues that there has not been any suggestion or motivation for the preparation of compounds within the instantly rejected claims that would thus satisfy an obviousness-type basis for rejection.

- 9 -Art Unit: 1631 Serial No. 08/973,381 In response applicant is referred to the previous office action where specific compounds were pointed out as species of overlapping compounds between the instant claims as well as the claims of the cited Patent(s). It is also noted that for obviousness rejection bases that generic claims are deemed to motivate as well as suggest specifically cited species therein. No claim is allowed. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a). A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE TO THIS FINAL ACTION IS SET TO EXPIRE THREE MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF THIS IN THE EVENT A FIRST RESPONSE IS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS FINAL ACTION AND THE ADVISORY ACTION IS NOT MAILED UNTIL AFTER THE END OF THE THREE-MONTH SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD, THEN THE SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD WILL EXPIRE ON THE DATE THE ADVISORY ACTION IS MAILED, AND ANY EXTENSION FEE PURSUANT TO 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a) WILL BE CALCULATED FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THE ADVISORY ACTION. IN NO EVENT WILL THE STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE EXPIRE LATER THAN SIX MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF THIS FINAL ACTION. Papers related to this application may be submitted to Technical Center 1600 by facsimile transmission. Papers should be faxed to Technical Center 1600 via the PTO Fax Center located in Crystal Mall 1. The faxing of such papers must conform with the notices published in the Official Gazette, 1096 OG 30 (November 15, 1988), 1156 OG 61 (November 16, 1993), and 1157 OG 94 (December 28, 1993) (See 37 CFR § 1.6(d)). The CM1 Fax Center number is either (703)308-4242 or (703)305-3014. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ardin Marschel, Ph.D., whose telephone number is (703)308-3894. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8 A.M. to 4 P.M.

Serial No. 08/973,381 - 10 - Art Unit: 1631 If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Woodward, Ph.D., can be reached on (703)308-4028. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to Legal Instrument Examiner, Tina Plunkett, whose telephone number is (703)305-3524 or to the Technical Center receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196. Arder U Marshel June 13, 2003